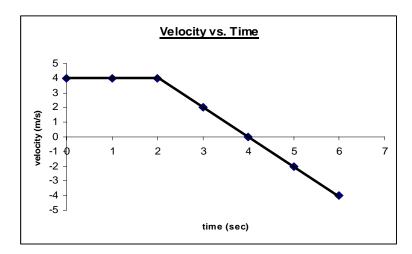
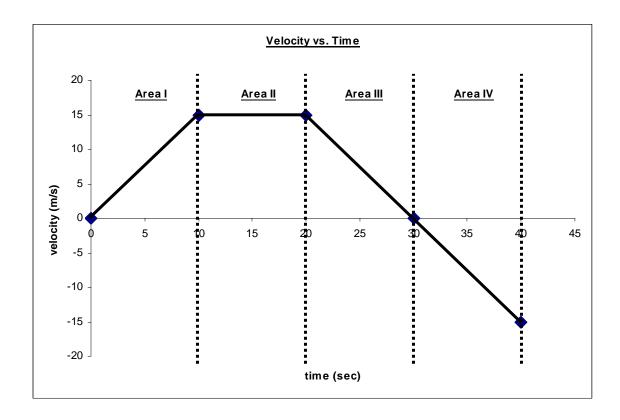
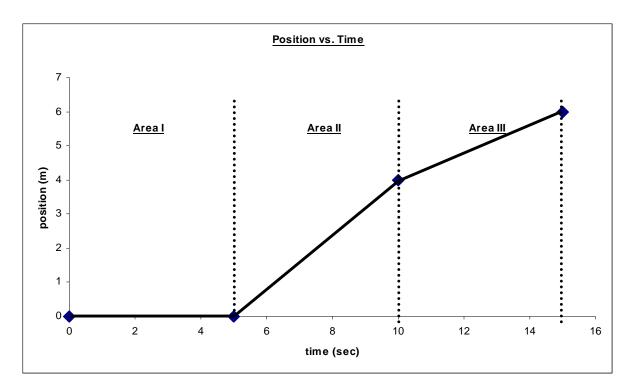
- **1.** Given the following graph:
- a) <u>Describe the motion</u> of each 2 second time interval, stating whether the velocity if changing or constant, is the object accelerating, is the object moving forward or backward, etc.
 - **b)** Calculate the <u>acceleration</u> of the object at 1.5 seconds.
 - c) Calculate the average <u>acceleration</u> of the object between 2 and 6 seconds.



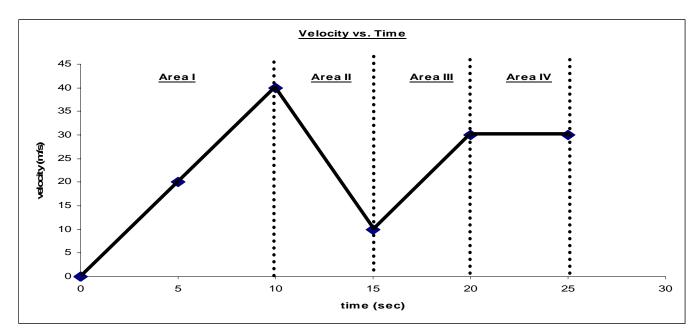
2. Given the graph below, determine the <u>displacement</u> of the object at t = 40 seconds, using <u>area under the curve</u> methods.



- 3. a) <u>Describe the motion</u> of the object during each of the marked time intervals.
- **b)** Calculate the <u>average velocity</u> of the object between 5 and 10 seconds, and again between 10 and 15 seconds.
 - c) Calculate the <u>average acceleration</u> of the object during the 5 to 15 second time interval.

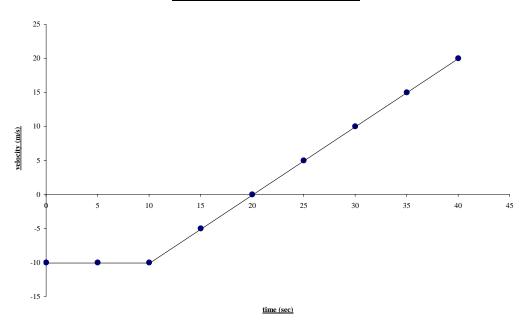


- **4.** From the <u>v-t</u> graph below:
 - a) <u>Describe the motion</u> of the object in each of the marked time intervals.
 - b) Calculate the total <u>displacement</u> of the object at t = 25 seconds using <u>area under the curve</u> methods.



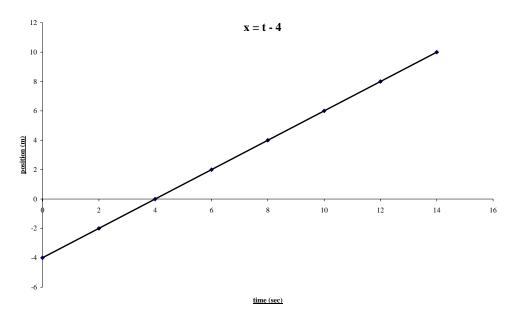
- **5.** From the $\underline{\mathbf{v}}$ graph below:
 - a) **Describe the motion** of the dirt bike in each of the marked time intervals.
 - **b)** Calculate the total <u>displacement</u> of the object at t = 40 seconds using <u>area under the curve</u> methods.
 - c) Construct the a-t graph that corresponds to this v-t graph.

Velocity vs. Time for a dirt bike



- **6.** From the $\underline{\mathbf{x}}$ - $\underline{\mathbf{t}}$ graph below:
 - a) **Describe the motion** of the roller blader in each of the marked time intervals.
 - **b**) Calculate the total **displacement** of the object at t = 14 seconds.
 - c) Construct the v–t graph that corresponds to this x–t graph.
 - **d)** Write the equation of each line.

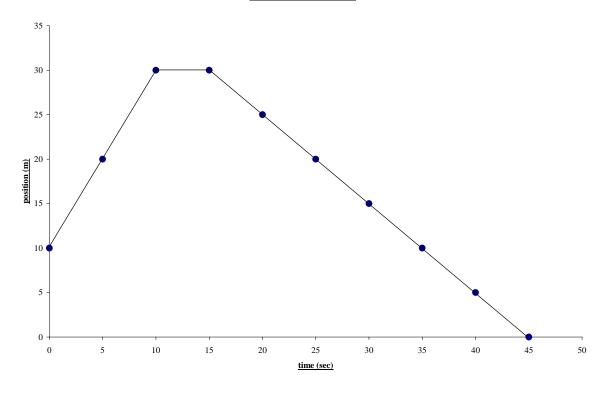
Position vs. Time of a roller blader



7. From the $\underline{x-t}$ graph below:

- a) <u>Describe the motion</u> of the bicycle in each of the marked time intervals.
 b) Calculate the total <u>displacement</u> of the object at t = 14 seconds.
- c) Construct the v–t graph that corresponds to this x–t graph.
- **d**) Write the equation of each line.

Position vs. Time of a bicycle



For Graph 1:

- 1. What is the position of the object at t = 15 seconds.
- 2. What is the instantaneous velocity at t = 6s? t = 14s?
- 3. What is the instantaneous acceleration at t = 14s?
- 4. What is the average velocity between t = 12s to t = 17s?
- 5. Graph a v vs. t graph for this object.

For Graph 2:

- 1. What is the average velocity between t = 7s to t = 16s?
- 2. What is the average acceleration between t = 18s to t = 20 s?
- 3. List all points that the *velocity* of this object is zero.
- 4. What is the instantaneous velocity at t = 12s?
- 5. Describe the velocity of this object throughout the time period.
- 6. What is the instantaneous velocity at t = 15s?
- 7. Graph a v vs. t graph for this object.

For Graph 3:

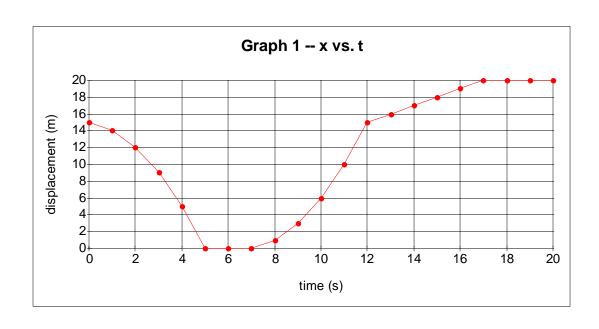
- 1. What is the instantaneous velocity of the object at t = 7 s?
- 2. What is the average acceleration between t = 6s to t = 10s?
- 3. Graph an a vs. t graph for this object.
- 4. If an object is at position x = 15 at t = 17, what position is it at t = 20?

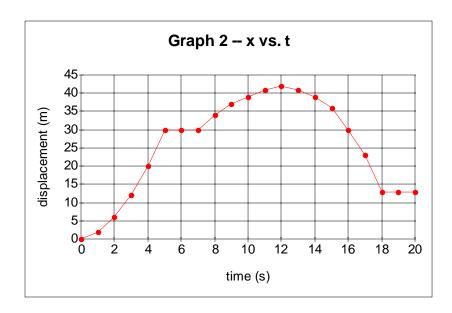
For Graph 4:

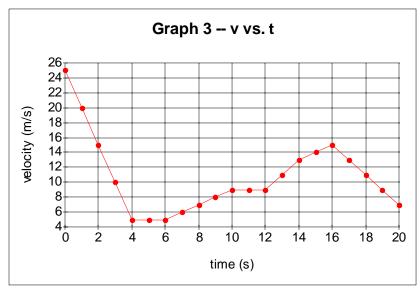
- 1. List all points that the *velocity* of this object is decreasing positively.
- 2. List all points that the *velocity* of this object is constant. (+,-, or zero)
- 3. If an object has a velocity of 10 m/s at t = 9, what is its velocity at t = 12?

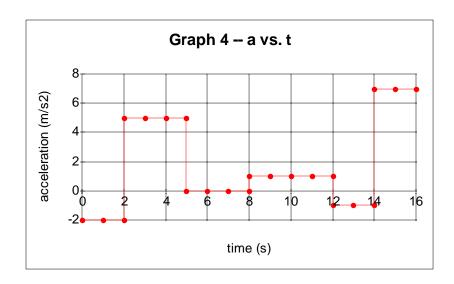
For Graph 5:

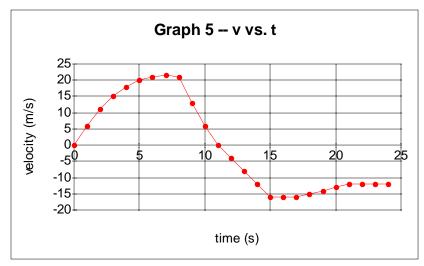
- 1. What is the instantaneous acceleration at t = 13s?
- 2. What is the instantaneous acceleration at t = 3s?
- 3. List all points that the *acceleration* of this object is 0.
- 4. What is the average acceleration over the entire period of this graph?

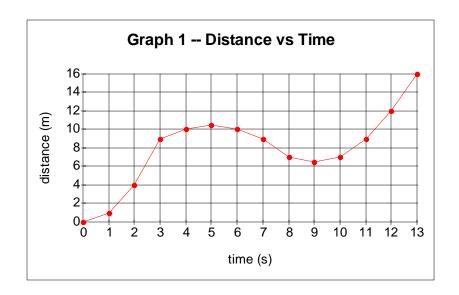


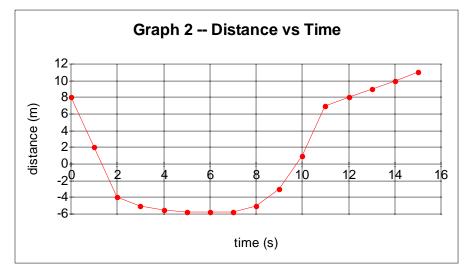


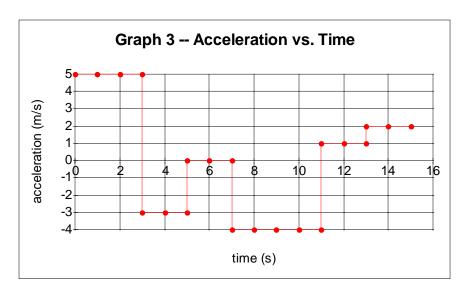












Honors

Name:

For Graph 1:

- 6. What is the position of the object at t = 3 seconds.
- 7. What is the instantaneous velocity at t = 5 s? t = 9s?
- 8. What is the instantaneous acceleration at t = 9s?
- 9. What is the average velocity between t = 3 to t = 7s?
- 10. Describe the velocity of this object throughout the whole time.
- 11. Graph a v vs. t graph.

For Graph 2:

- 8. What is the average velocity between t = 11 to t = 15s?
- 9. What is the average acceleration between t = 0 to t = 2s?
- 10. What is the instantaneous velocity at t = 9s? t = 11s?
- 11. What is the average velocity between t = 0 to t = 2s?
- 12. List all points on this graph where the velocity is zero.

For Graph 3:

- 4. Graph a **v vs. t** graph.
- 5. List all points that the *velocity* of this object is decreasing negatively.
- 6. List all points that the *velocity* of this object is constant. (+,-, or zero)
- 7. If an object has a velocity of 10 m/s at t = 8, what is its velocity at t = 11?

For Graph 4:

- 5. What is the instantaneous velocity of the object at t = 7 s?
- 6. What is the average acceleration between t = 0 to t = 4s?
- 7. Graph an a vs. t graph.
- 8. If an object is at position x = 3.5 at t = 4s, what position is it at t = 6s?
- 9. What is the instantaneous acceleration at t = 5s? t = 8s?

